Learning Targets

- a. I can find the sum of a finite geometric series
- b. I can use my knowledge of geometric series and apply them to application problems

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Warm-up:

Find the SUM of the first 10 terms of an arithmetic sequence if $a_1 = 8$, and $a_{10} = 35$. Show your work.

$$S_0 = \frac{2}{2}(8 + 35)$$

Geometric Series: sum of terms in a geometric sequence

We can find the **partial sum** of **n** number of terms of a geometric sequence using the formula:

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 (1 - r^n)}{(1 - r)} r \neq 1$$

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1.) Find the sum of the first 7 terms when $a_1 = 4$ and r = 3

$$S_7 = \frac{4(1-3^7)}{(1-3)} = 4372$$

2.) Find the sum of the first 6 terms of the series below

$$S_6 = \frac{2(1-4^6)}{(1-4)} = 2730$$

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 (1 - r^n)}{(1 - r)}$$
 $r \neq 1$

- 3.) A virus goes through a computer infecting files. If 1 file was infected initially and the number of new files infected doubles every minute.
- a. Write the next 4 terms of the series representing the situation V=2

b. Write the Formula that represents the series described above

$$S_n = \frac{1\left(1-2^n\right)}{\left(1-2\right)}$$

c. Using the Formula from part B, find the TOTAL number of files infected after 20 minutes

$$s_{20} = \frac{\left(\left(-2 \right) \right)}{\left(1-2 \right)} = 1,048,575$$

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 (1 - r^n)}{(1 - r)} r \neq 1$$

- 4.) You are saving up for car. You begin by setting aside \$15. The following month you set aside \$45. The month after that you set aside \$135. You plan to continue this pattern for 8 months.
- Geo. a. Write the Formula that represents the series described above

$$2^{2} = \frac{(1-3)}{12(1-3)}$$

b. Using the Formula from part A, find your TOTAL savings after 8 months.

$$S_8 = \frac{15(1-3^8)}{(1-3)} = 49,200$$

Practice:

Finish yesterday's worksheet

Geometric Series Homework