

18-19

Writing Linear Equations

2.4

Warm-up - Solve each for b.

p.18

1.  $10 = (-2)(-3) + b$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 = 6 + b \\ -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline 4 = b \end{array}$$

2.  $-5 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(-14) + b$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5 = -7 + b \\ +7 \quad +7 \\ \hline 2 = b \end{array}$$

$$y = mx + b$$

**Recall:** What 2 pieces of information do we need to know about a line in order to write the SLOPE - INTERCEPT FORM?

$$y = \underline{m}x + \underline{b}$$

$$\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \text{slope} = m$$

$$y\text{-intercept} = b$$

$$y = mx + b$$

p.19

1) Write the equation of a line in **Slope - Intercept Form** with a slope of 3 and y-intercept of -1.

 $m$  $b$ 

$$y = 3x + -1$$

$$y = 3x - 1$$

$$y = mx + b$$

p.19

2) Write the equation of a line in **Slope - Intercept Form** that

passes through the point (2,3) and has a slope of  $-\frac{1}{2}$ .

 $x, y$  $m$ 

$$3 = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)(2) + b$$

$$3 = -1 + b$$

$$4 = b$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

Another way we can find the previous problem is by using  $(2, 3)$   $m = -\frac{1}{2}$

p.19

Point-Slope Form

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 3 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 3 = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1 \\ +3 \qquad +3 \\ \hline y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4 \end{array}$$

$$y = mx + b$$

p.19

3) Write the equation of a line in **Slope - Intercept Form** that passes through the point  $(-1, -3)$  and has a slope of 4.

$$-3 = 4(-1) + b$$

$$-3 = -4 + b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$1 = b$$

$$y = 4x + 1$$

## Practice

Complete 2.4 practice worksheet

-- work with your partner

Closing Question:

p.18

$$y = mx + b$$

Write the equation of a line in  
**Slope - Intercept Form** that passes  
through the point  $(-5, 4)$   
and has a slope of  $-\frac{2}{5}$ .

$$4 = \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)(-5) + b$$

$$4 = 2 + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 2$$