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$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Unit } 0 \\
\text { Combining like terms }
\end{array} \\
& \text { Combine the like terms. } \\
& \begin{array}{lll}
7 x+6 & -6 x-7 & 2 x-3
\end{array} \\
& \text { " } 10 x-7 \quad 15 x+9 \text { (10x-7 } \\
& -18 x+2-2 x+1 \quad 17 x-7
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 23 x+12{ }_{14 x-42-8}-x-1 \\
& 14 x-50
\end{aligned}
$$



Name: $\qquad$ Period:
The Distributive Property
Simplify the expression.

1. $9(2 x-1) \mid 8 \times-9$
$2(8 x+76618 x+24$
2. ${ }^{22(x+12)} 12 x+144$
${ }^{4(4 x-2) 6} 24 x-12$
3. $-2(5 x+2)$
$-10 x-4$
4. $\frac{1}{3}(6 x+18)$

$$
2 x+6
$$

6. $-3 \operatorname{sex}-124 x+3$
7. ${ }^{(2 x-x-4)} 6 x-30$
8. $-10(x+3)$
9. $(12+x) \frac{1}{2}$

$$
-10 x-30
$$

8. $-1(-3 x+8)$
$3 x-8$
9. $\frac{1}{3}(3 x+9)$

$$
x+3
$$

To EVALUATE means to replace the variables in an expression with numbers. $\qquad$
An EXPRESSION is built from numbers, variables, operations and grouping symbols.

Evaluate each expression

1.) $2 x^{2}-7$ when $x=3$
2.) $4 t^{2}+2 t-3$ when $t=-4$
$2(3)^{2}-7$
$2(9)-7$
$4(-4)^{2}+2(-4)-3$
$64-8-3$
53
3.) $\frac{1}{2} y-5$ when $y=10$
4.) $30-2(m-4)$ when $m=-2$

LIKE TERMS are terms with the same variable ending
Evaluate each expression

1) $5 w-2 w+8 w$

2) $2(x+1)-3(x-4)$
